Under Occupation Scheme

Insights and recommendations

Key insight: Limited stock of age-friendly homes and behavioural frictions in the downsizing process are the main barriers to successful downsizing.

Insights Summary

1. Barriers to generate demand

a. Low incentive/compensation

- £750 per room given up
- £500 if you move out on our own
- If you're in arrears, what you owe to the council is taken out of the compensation
- If you're a pensioner, the bedroom tax doesn't apply to you

b. Psychological/contextual barriers

- Fear of change
- Wish to stay in one's area and close to neighbours
- Wish to have a spare bedroom for visitors
- Family members do not want under occupying tenants to give up larger homes
- 2. Barriers to those who want to move to 1-bedroom
 - High expectations vs limited stock of age-friendly housing (e.g. ground floor, walk-in shower)
 - Long process: Referral → Visits/checks/verification → Acceptance letter → Bid → Move
 - In the bidding process, you're only moved to BAND C, no longer in the high priority band. Max two offers

3. Opportunities:

- Personalised support is key to successful rehousing of older social tenants
- Works well if there is greater consideration of individual tenants'
 circumstance and preferences to which this can be reconciled with available resources
- Looking **beyond Hackney** enabled several moves that received positive feedback (e.g. Seaside & Country Homes)
- Practical support (e.g. arranging for a removal company) and ongoing communication about the process improved the rehousing experience
- Leverage community events (e.g. Winter Warmer) to promote downsizing scheme and mutual exchange Most people hear about housing schemes through word-of-mouth

Key recommendation: A dedicated housing navigator who can provide personalised support and direct offers (where applicable) to those who are motivated to move into a smaller property that better meets their current needs.

Recommended next steps

- 1. **Understand our current age-friendly stock:** Pull together a list of 1-bedroom housing that is currently available and mark which ones meet our age-friendly criteria (e.g accessible flats that are on the ground or first floor)
- 2. Create a list of residents who are eligible for the under occupation scheme. We can prioritise those who are in 4-5 bedroom housing and/or have expressed interest in downsizing. Helen referenced a list of residents who requested to downsize in the past that needs reviewing
- 3. Create a secondment role to proactively reach out to priority residents: Since we already have a <u>business case</u> in place, Zoe had a great idea of creating a secondment where a downsizing 'housing navigator' can work alongside Link Workers.
- 4. **Provide direct offers where possible**: Since downsizing only puts you in Band C, we're likely to lose people in the system. Helen came up with a brilliant suggestion of providing direct offers where possible to speed up the process. She shared an excellent case study where a direct offer helped a resident downsize in 2 months. We can also introduce other relevant schemes such as mutual exchange or properties in the private rental sector.
- 5. **Iterate our comms as we go**: A key insight from the research is that the financial incentive was not always the main driver for people to downsize. If we do need to generate demand, I suggest broadening our comms so we can get people to speak to the navigator (see mockup below). The navigator can work out what motivates the resident and can put together a personalised housing action plan. We can adapt our comms as we go based on the learnings from the pilot.